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## IN THE CLAIMS

Please enter claims 1, 3, 25, and 27 as rewritten below. The following listing of claims replaces all prior listings.

1. (Currently Amended) A method for the treatment of a disorder comprising administering to a subject having or at risk of having such disorder an effective amount of a compound of Formula I:

wherein:

 $R_1$  is  $\Theta$ , OH, NHCOCH<sub>3</sub>, or NH<sub>2</sub>,  $R_2$  is H, CO<sub>2</sub>H, or

$$-\overset{O}{\text{CO}} + (CX_2) \xrightarrow{O}_{0-21} CX_3$$

wherein:

each X is independently H or optionally substituted  $C_1$ - $C_{22}$  alkyl, optionally substituted  $C_1$ - $C_{22}$  alkenyl, or optionally substituted  $C_1$ - $C_{22}$  alkynyl, with substituents selected from the group consisting of H,  $C_1$ - $C_3$  alkyl, OH, NH<sub>2</sub>, and halogen,

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R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub>, and R<sub>5</sub> are each independently optionally substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>22</sub> alkyl carbonyl, with substituents selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl, OH, NH<sub>2</sub>, and halogen, or H, wherein at least one of R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub>, and R<sub>5</sub>, are is not H, and

wherein the disorder is selected from renal tubular acidosis (RTA); Leigh syndrome; MARIAHS syndrome; mitochondrial disease leading to stroke-like episodes; lactic acidemia; Pyruvate Dehydrogenase (PDH) deficiency; encephalomyopathy; ataxia and encephalopathy; cytochrome c oxidase (COX, Complex IV) deficiency; cardiomyopathy; Alzheimer's disease; Complex I deficiency; multiple mitochondrial deletion syndrome, and any combination thereof, thereby treating the disorder.

- 2. (Previously amended) The method of claim 1 wherein, the compound is 2',3',5'-tri-*O*-acetyl-1-β-D-uridine.
- 3. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the optionally substituted alkyl carbonyl is unbranched and has is in the range of about 5 to 22 carbons.
- 4. (Previously amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the alkyl carbonyl is a carbonyl moiety of an amino acid selected from the group consisting of glycine, L-forms of alanine, valine, leucine, isoleucine, tyrosine, proline, hydroxyproline, serine, threonine, cystine, cysteine, aspartic acid, glutamic acid, arginine, lysine, histidine, carnitine, and ornithine.
- 5. (Previously amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the alkyl carbonyl is a carbonyl moiety of a dicarboxylic acid having in the range of about 3 to 22 carbons.
- 6. (Previously amended) A method according to claim 1, wherein the disorder is a primary disorder comprising at least one mutation in mitochondrial or nuclear DNA.

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- 7. (Canceled)
- 8. (Previously amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the disorder is a deficiency of cardiolipin.
- 9. (Previously amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the disorder comprises a deficiency in a pyrimidine synthetic pathway.
- 10. (Previously amended) The method of claim 9, wherein the deficiency in a pyrimidine synthetic pathway is the uridine synthetic pathway.
- 11. (Previously amended) The method of claim 9, wherein the deficiency comprises reduced expression and/or activity of an enzyme in the pyrimidine synthetic pathway.
- 12. (Previously amended) The method of claim 11, wherein the enzyme is selected from the group consisting of dihydroorotate dehydrogenase (DHOD) and uridine monophosphate synthetase (UMPS).
- 13. (Previously amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the disorder results in lower than normal uridine levels.
- 14. (Previously amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the disorder is the result of prior or concurrent administration of a pharmaceutical agent.
- 15. (Previously amended) The method of claim 14, wherein the pharmaceutical agent is a reverse transcriptase inhibitor, a protease inhibitor or an inhibitor of DHOD.
- 16. (Previously amended) The method of claim 15, wherein the reverse transcriptase inhibitor is Azidothymidine (AZT), Stavudine (D4T), Zalcitabine (ddC), Didanosine (DDI) or Fluoroiodoarauracil (FIAU).
- 17. (Previously amended) The method of claim 15, wherein the protease inhibitor is Ritonavir, Indinavir, Saquinavir or Nelfinavir.

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18. (Previously amended) The method of claim 14, wherein the DHOD inhibitor is Leflunomide or Brequinar.

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- 19. (Previously amended) The method of claim 1, further comprising the administration of one or more co-factors, vitamins, or mixtures of two or more thereof.
- 20. (Previously amended) A method according to claim 19, wherein the co-factor is one or both of Coenzyme Q10 or calcium pyruvate.
- 21. (Previously Amended) A method according to claim 19, wherein the vitamin is selected from the group consisting of thiamine (B1), riboflavin (B2), niacin (B3), pyridoxine (B6), folate, cyanocobalamine (B12), biotin, α-lipoic acid, and pantothenic acid.
- 22. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein the compound of Formula (I) is administered in a daily dosage in the range of about  $0.5 \text{ g/m}^2$  to  $20 \text{ g/m}^2$ .
- 23. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein the compound of Formula(I) is administered in a daily dosage in the range of about 2 g/m<sup>2</sup> to 10 g/m<sup>2</sup>.
- 24. (Original) A method according to claim 1, wherein the compound of Formula(I) is administered in a daily dosage of about 6.0 g/m<sup>2</sup>.
- 25. (Currently amended) A method for reducing or eliminating one or more symptoms associated with a disorder comprising administering to a subject in need thereof an effective amount of a compound of Formula I:

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wherein:

 $R_1$  is  $\Theta$ , OH, NHCOCH<sub>3</sub>, or NH<sub>2</sub>,  $R_2$  is H, CO<sub>2</sub>H, or

$$-\overset{O}{\text{CO}} + (CX_2 + CX_3)$$

wherein:

each X is independently H or optionally substituted  $C_1$ - $C_{22}$  alkyl, optionally substituted  $C_1$ - $C_{22}$  alkenyl, or optionally substituted  $C_1$ - $C_{22}$  alkynyl, with substituents selected from the group consisting of H,  $C_1$ - $C_3$  alkyl, OH, NH<sub>2</sub>, and halogen,

R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub>, and R<sub>5</sub> are each independently optionally substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>22</sub> alkyl carbonyl, with substituents selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl, OH, NH<sub>2</sub>, and halogen, or H, wherein at least one of R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub>, and R<sub>5</sub>, are is not H, wherein the disorder is selected from the group consisting of renal tubular acidosis (RTA); Leigh syndrome; MARIAHS syndrome; mitochondrial disease leading to stroke-like episodes; lactic acidemia; Pyruvate Dehydrogenase (PDH) deficiency; encephalomyopathy; ataxia and encephalopathy; cytochrome c oxidase (COX, Complex IV) deficiency; cardiomyopathy; Alzheimer's

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disease; Complex I deficiency; multiple mitochondrial deletion syndrome, and any combination thereof, thereby treating the disorder.

- 26. (Previously amended) A method for reducing or eliminating one or more symptoms associated with a disorder of claim 1 comprising administering to a subject having or at risk of having such disorder, an effective amount of triacetyluridine.
- 27. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 25 and claim 26, wherein said symptoms are renal tubular acidosis (RTA), impaired eyesight, dementia, seizures, cardiomyopathy, skeletal myopathy, peripheral myopathy or autonomic myopathy.
- 28. (Canceled)
- 29. (Withdrawn) A method for treating or preventing pathophysiological consequences of mitochondrial respiratory chain dysfunction in a mammal comprising administering to said mammal in need of such treatment or prevention an effective amount of a pyrimidine nucleoside.
- 30. (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 29 wherein said respiratory chain dysfunction is caused by a mutation, deletion, or rearrangement of mitochondrial DNA.
- 31. (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 29 wherein said respiratory chain dysfunction is a deficit in mitochondrial Complex I activity.
- 32. (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 29 wherein said respiratory chain dysfunction is a deficit in mitochondrial Complex II activity.
- 33. (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 29 wherein said respiratory chain dysfunction is a deficit in mitochondrial Complex III activity.
- 34. (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 29 wherein said respiratory chain dysfunction is a deficit in mitochondrial Complex IV activity.

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(Withdrawn) A method as in claim 29 wherein said respiratory chain dysfunction 35. is a deficit in mitochondrial Complex V activity.

- (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 29 wherein said pyrimidine nucleotide is 36. administered orally.
- (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 29 wherein said pathophysiological 37. consequence of mitochondrial respiratory chain dysfunction is a congenital mitochondrial disease.
- (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 37 wherein said congenital mitochondrial 38. disease is selected from the group consisting of MELAS, LHON, MERRF, MNGIE, NARP, PEO, Leigh's Disease, Alpers syndrome, mitochondrial cytopathy, mitochondrial myopathy, mitochondrial encephalomyopathies, and Kearns-Sayre Syndrome.
- (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 29 wherein said pathophysiological 39. consequence of mitochondrial respiratory chain dysfunction is a neurodegenerative disease.
- (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 39 wherein said neurodegenerative disorder is 40. Alzheimer's Disease.
- (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 39 wherein said neurodegenerative disorder is 41. Parkinson's disease.
- (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 39 wherein said neurodegenerative disorder is 42. Huntington's Disease.
- (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 29 wherein said pathophysiological 43. consequence of mitochondrial respiratory chain dysfunction is selected from the group consisting of renal tubular acidosis, dilating or hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, steatohepatitis, hepatic failure, and lactic acidemia.

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44. (Withdrawn) A method for treating developmental delay in cognitive, motor, language, executive function, or social skills in a mammal comprising administration of an effective amount of a pyrimidine nucleoside.

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- 45. (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 44 wherein said developmental delay is a subset of Attention Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder.
- 46. (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 44 wherein said developmental delay is a subset of autism associated with mitochondrial dysfunction.

47-53'. (Canceled)

- 54. (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 29 wherein said pyrimidine nucleoside is selected from the group consisting of uridine, cytidine, an acyl derivative of uridine, an acyl derivative of cytidine, orotic acid, an alcohol ester of orotic acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 55. (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 54 wherein said pyrimidine nucleoside is administered orally.
- 56. (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 29 wherein said pathophysiological consequence of mitochondrial respiratory chain dysfunction is a congenital mitochondrial disease.
- 57. (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 56 wherein said congenital mitochondrial disease is selected from the group consisting of MELAS, LHON, MERRF, NARP, PEO, Leigh's Disease, Alpers syndrome, and Kearns-Sayre Syndrome.

58-61. (Canceled)

62. (Withdrawn) A method as in claim 29 wherein said pathophysiological consequence of mitochondrial respiratory chain dysfunction is selected from the group

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consisting of renal tubular acidosis, dilating or hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, steatohepatitis, hepatic failure, and lactic acidemia.

63-65. (Canceled)

66. (Previously amended) A method according to claim 1, wherein said disorder is a secondary disorder caused by acquired somatic mutations, physiologic effects of drugs, viruses, or environmental toxins that inhibit mitochondrial function.

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